Texas Higher Education coordinating BOARD

Aligning Supply and Demand: THECB's Labor Market Information (LMI) Data Tool

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Agenda

- Background
- What is LMI data tool?
- LMI data tool goals
- Key features
- Key data elements and sources
 - Supply and demand
- Case study
- Data limitations
- Future development





Background

State Level

- Credentials of value:
 - strong career trajectories;
 - High earnings opportunities;
 - align with high-demand jobs offered by Texas employers;
 - earn enough within 10 years to pay for the cost of their education and surpass the earnings of a typical high school graduate;
- HB 8
 - Outcome-based funding for community colleges that tied to
 - credentials of value
 - The number of credentials in highdemand fields

National level

- Increasing calls for more accountability and transparency on the connection between work and degrees.
- Whether the rising cost of college education has provided a return of investment.
- U.S. Department of Education's Financial Value Transparency and Gainful Employment regulation.

Institutional level

- increasingly recognizing the importance of aligning their programs and credentials with industry needs
- How to help students prepare for their careers



What is labor market information data tool?

LMI refers to data and insights related to the job market, employment trends, and workforce needs.



Community, Employers, and Industry Organizations



What are the goals for the THECB LMI data tool?

- 1. Creating an analytics platform to assist THECB make informed decisions about approving new academic programs.
- 2. Engaging more higher education stakeholders to the labor market information.



What are the key features of the THECB LMI data tool?





Data can be drilled down to academic programs using CIP codes



Assessing how the supplies of academic programs are meeting the demands of regional and state labor markets



Users can identify the most popular location, top industry, employer, and occupation that their graduates have been employed with.



Allow multiple selection of programs in wage, supply and demand, and graduates and enrollment dashboards and provide combined data view.



Formed Network of Improvement Community to have workshops and provided user experience-based feedback on the data tool.

Texas 12 Economic Regions



The Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts has organized the 261,000 square miles and 254 counties of Texas into 12 economic regions. Each region has at least one Census Bureaudefined metropolitan statistical area (MSA), which is an area with relatively high population density and close economic integration.



Key data elements

dib



Are degree producing gr proportion dema

Supply: CBM CBM0C1/002 UI data, IPED Demand: Lig job posting c Linked-In pro data of Texas workers, and TWC UI data.

D DEMAND e programs graduates in on to their and?	EMPLOYMENT What are the top industries, employers, and occupations employing	JOB DISTRIBUTION MAP In which counties do our graduate find employment?	EDUCATIONAL JOB REQUIREMENT What percent of graduates are in occupations that require their degree	WAGES What may graduates expect to earn 1, 5,10 years post graduation?	GRADUATES AN ENROLLMENT What is the supp of graduates entering the workforce?
M009 <i>,</i> 01, TWC	graduates?		level or higher?		
EDS data. ightcast data, rofile as	Lightcast LinkedIn profile data of Texas workers and TWC UI report data.	Lightcast LinkedIn profile data of Texas workers and TWC UI report data.	Bureau of Labor Statistics listed education requirements by occupation	Texas Workforce Commission in their Unemployment Insurance (UI)	CBM001/0C1 enrollment repo CBM009 graduation repo (2001-2022)
nd TWC				Reports	

ND Т

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What are demand and supply?

Demand: Unique job postings for graduates of a degree program as a percentage of all unique job postings seeking to đið hire at the same degree level.



Supply: Graduates of a Texas public college degree program who fully entered the labor market and were employed (not pursuing a higher degree) as a percent of all graduates at the same degree level who fully entered the labor market and were employed.



Supply and demand ratio: share of supply of graduates per degree program as percent of all degrees at the same level divided by the share of demand of graduates per degree program as percent of all degrees at the same level.



Both measures were calculated on the institution, region and state level.



Case Study How can we use this tool?

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Case study scenario

• University X, a mid-sized public institution located in a Gulf Coast region, is considering launching a *Medical Informatics* program to meet the evolving needs of the regional labor market.



Question 1: How much do the graduates can expect to earn after graduation from the relevant programs?

- Wages
 - Bachelor's degree
 - CIP four digits level
 - Major: 11.04 Information Science/Studies
 - 51.07 Health and Medical Administrative Services
 - 51.27 Medical Illustration and Informatics
 - Region: Gulf Coast
 - Institution: University of Houston; University of Houston-Clear Lake; University of Houston-Victoria

The user will know the median wage and wages at 25th and 75th percentile for graduates in those programs on the state level and gulf coast region. The user could also look at X University or peer institutions for institutional level wage data.



Wages Dashboard	1/1/2024 4:45:15 Refresh Date/Tim		Wages	Employment	Labor Market	Job Distributior Map	n Educational Job Requirement	Graduates and Enrollment	Comparison	Methodology	5
Highest Degree	Level of CIP Ma	lajor			g Question:		te: multiple selection				
Bachelor's \lor	4 × Mu	lultiple selections	\sim		raduates expection ving graduatior		nction is enabled fo e slicers on this pag				

Statewide View



Regional View



Living Wage Threshold: \$36.0

\$27K

1

Institutional View





Median Wages of Graduates 1, 5, 10 Years Post Graduation



\$37K

5

Years of Experience

\$50K

10

Question 2: What are the top industries, employers and occupations that employed the graduates from the relevant programs?

- Employment
 - Bachelor's degree
 - CIP four digits level
 - Major: 11.04 Information Science/Studies
 - 51.07 Health and Medical Administrative Services
 - 51.27 Medical Illustration and Informatics
 - Region: Gulf Coast
 - Institution: University of Houston; University of Houston-Clear Lake; University of Houston-Victoria (one institution at a time)

The user can find hospitals are the top industries employing graduates on the state level and in Gulf Coast region. She/she can also view data for X University or similar peer institutions.



Employment Dashboard			Introduction	Wages	Employment	Labor Market	Job Distribution Map	Educational Job Requirement	Graduates and Enrollment	Comparison	Methodology	5
Highest Degree	Refresh Dat	Major			Guiding Who is hiring o	Question:		gle selection s enabled for all				
Bachelor's \checkmark	4 ~	Multiple select	tions	\sim		cupations?		s in this page.				

Statewide View



Regional View

Region Descriptions Alamo Capital 	Top Industries Employing Graduates Professional, Scientific, and Te Hospitals	Top Employers Employing Graduates	Top Occupations Employing Graduates	
 Central Texas Gulf Coast High Plains Metroplex Number of Regions Selected 	Educational Services 29% Administrative and Support Se 23% Ambulatory Health Care Servic 22% Insurance Carriers and Relate 17% Merchant Wholesalers, Durabl 14% Computer and Electronic Prod 11% Credit Intermediation and Rel 8%	Company Name	Occupation	
1	0% 50%	No Data is Availa	No Data is Availa	
Institutional View	Top Industries Employing Graduates	Top Employers Employing Graduates	Top Occupations Employing Graduates	- \
 The University of Texas Southwestern Med The University of Texas-Rio Grande Valley Trinity Valley Comm College Tyler Junior College University of Houston University of Houston Medical School 	Professional, Scientific, and Te Credit Intermediation and Rel Educational Services Transportation Equipment Man Executive, Legislative, and Oth Publishing Industries (except I Wholesale Trade Agents and B 4%	Company Name	Occupation	
Number of Institutions Selected	Wholesale Irade Agents and B 4% Administrative and Support Se 3% 0% 20% 40%	No Data is Available	No Data is Available	

Question 3: What is the supply-demand assessment like for the relevant programs?

- Labor Market
 - Bachelor's degree
 - CIP four digits level
 - Major: 11.04 Information Science/Studies
 51.07 Health and Modical Administration
 - 51.07 Health and Medical Administrative Services
 - 51.27 Medical Illustration and Informatics
 - Region: Gulf Coast
 - Institutions: University of Houston; University of Houston-Clear Lake; University of Houston-Victoria
 - The first graph showed that the proportion of unique job postings associated with these graduates, a proxy for demand, equaled 153%. It also showed that this share was below the average as compared to other majors. The regional view also shows oversupply and a lower-than-average demand for those programs.





Question 4: Where do graduates from X University find employment?

- Job distribution map
 - Bachelor's degree
 Institutions in the same region
 - University of Houston

The user can find where the graduates found employment in Texas and the percentage of them sought employment out of state.



Job Distribution Map	1/1/2024 4:45:15 PM Refresh Date/Time	Introduction Wages		Employment	Employment Labor Market Job		Educational Job Requirement	Graduates and Enrollment	Comparison	Methodology	5
Highest Degree	Higher Ed. Institution		ling Question: ch counties do c		: single selection tion is enabled for						
Bachelor's \checkmark	University of Houston		as find employm		licers in this page						

Top 20 Counties Employing Graduates by Degree Level and Institutions

Map of Texas Counties Employing Graduates by Degree Level and Institutions

Min

County	County Weights
Harris	35.44%
Out of State	24.39%
Fort Bend	6.16%
Montgomery	4.65%
Henderson	3.03%
Brazoria	2.79%
Galveston	2.63%
Dallas	1.81%
Travis	1.56%
Tarrant	1.46%
Bexar	1.23%
Washington	0.74%
Williamson	0.74%
Collin	0.74%
Liberty	0.69%
Denton	0.63%
Gray	0.52%
Erath	0.44%
Waller	0.43%
Chambers	0.35%
Total	90.41%



Question 5: What percent of graduates are in occupations that require their degree level or higher?

- Educational Job Requirement
 - Bachelor's degree
 - CIP four digits level
 - Major: 51.07 Health and Medical Administrative Services
 - Region: Gulf Coast
 - Institutions: University of Houston; University of Houston-Clear Lake; University of Houston-Victoria

The percentage of graduates are in occupations that require the same degree level or higher.





Statewide View



Regional View

Region Descriptions

- Alamo
- Capital
- Central Texas
- Gulf Coast
- High Plains
- Metroplex

Proportion of Graduates in Jobs Requiring Equal or **Higher Education Level**



Institutional View

Higher Ed. Institution

The University of Texas at Arlington

1

- The University of Texas at Dallas
- \bigcirc The University of Texas at El Paso
- University of Houston

TI

- Our Clear Lake
- University of Houston-Victoria

Number of Institutions Selected 1





Question 6: How many students enrolled or graduated from the relevant programs?

- Graduates and enrollment
 - Bachelor's degree
 - CIP four digits level
 - Major: 11.04 Information Science/Studies
 - 51.07 Health and Medical Administrative Services 51.27 Medical Illustration and Informatics
 - Region: Gulf Coast
 - Institutions: University of Houston; University of Houston-Clear Lake; University of Houston-Victoria

The number of students enrolled or graduated from the relevant programs.





Statewide View



Regional View



Institutional View



Graduates by Year (2001-2022)



Question 7: How do programs in peer institutions compare to one another?

- Comparison view
 - Bachelor's degree
 - CIP four digits level
 - Major: 51.07 Health and Medical Administrative Services
 - Institutions: University of Houston, University of Houston Downtown, University of Houston-Clear Lake, University of Houston – Victoria

The user can have a comprehensive view on the key employment outcomes for the institutions serve the same region.



Comparison Dashboard Highest Degree ~ Bachelor's ~		ashboard 1/1/2024 4:45:15 PM Refresh Date/Time		Introduction	Wages	Employment	Labor Market	lob Distribution I Map	Educational Job Requirement	Graduates an Enrollment		son Meth	odology
		Inglief Edi Institu	ution ~			Major Multiple selections		How	Guiding Quest v do different p pare with one a	rograms	Note: multiple selection function is enabled for a the slicers in this page.		
													7 6
Table of C	Comparison												
Highest Degree Earned	School Name (FICE unique)	Program	ms	Supply and Demand Ratio		Top Industry tha Employed Graduates	t Top Employe Employed Graduates	Employed (Graduates G Jo Eq	Proportion of Graduates in obs Requiring Jual or Higher Jucation Level	Median Wage One Year after Graduation	Number of Graduates in the Latest Cohort	Max Enrollment
Bachelor's	University of Houston- Clear Lake	51.07 Health And Medical A Services.	Administrative	Undersupply (<85		Hospitals				38%	\$36,152	48	268
Bachelor's	University of Houston- Victoria	11.04 Information Science/	Studies.	Oversupply (>115	%) 0.00%	Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services				38%	\$40,246	8	125
Bachelor's	University of Houston	11.04 Information Science/	Studies.	Oversupply (>115	%) 0.00%	Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services				38%	\$47,403	Less than 5	96
Bachelor's	University of Houston	51.07 Health And Medical A Services.	Administrative	Data is not availab	le					38%		Less than 5	less than 5
Bachelor's	University of Houston- Clear Lake	11.04 Information Science/	Studies.	Data is not availab	le					38%	\$33,379	28	151
Bachelor's	University of Houston- Victoria	51.07 Health And Medical A Services.	Administrative	Data is not availab	le					38%		Less than 5	less than 5



Limitations

Data availability:

- When market data at the certificate level is missing, we relied on a combination of associate and certificate data.
- AAs, certificates, and community college outcomes are reported only at the 2-digit level, while other degree outcomes are (usually) presented at 2- and 4-digit levels.
- Top employers hiring graduates by percentages are only available on 2-digit CIP level data.

Data computation:

• To fix zero denominator problem for calculating supply/demand ratio, zero demand was replaced by the minimum non-missing demand number. Similarly, zero supply count was replace by the minimum non-missing supply count.



Future development

- Addressing the data availability issue for 2-years institutions.
- Locating more reliable data resources for Texas labor market data.
- Collecting constructive feedback from various sources.
- Revisit and make additional update on this tool in summer 2024



Feedback is appreciated!

• User experience matters and we want to make continuous improvement on this tool



Contact

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